REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE GRANT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Darrell L. Link, Grant County Judge/Executive
Members of the Grant County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Tichenor & Associates, LLP, Certified Public Accountant, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grant County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Tichenor & Associates, LLP to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Tichenor & Associates, LLP evaluated the Grant County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE GRANT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2005

Tichenor & Associates, LLP has completed the audit of the Grant County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

We have issued an unqualified opinion, based on our audit, on the governmental activities, businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grant County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$5,068,752 as of June 30, 2005. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$3,948,527 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2005, with total net assets of \$4,945,179. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$96,860 with total net assets of \$123,573. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2005 of \$8,952,000 with \$310,000 due within the next year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

Report Comments:

- The County Should Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account On A Monthly Basis
- The County Should Cancel Healthcare Premiums For Terminated Employees In A Timely Manner

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

TICHENOR & ASSOCIATES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS and MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
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Honorable Darrell L. Link, Grant County Judge/Executive
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Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grant County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Grant County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Grant County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grant County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The County has chosen not to present the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Grant County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2006 on our consideration of Grant County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- The County Should Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account On A Monthly Basis
- The County Should Cancel Healthcare Premiums For Terminated Employees In A Timely Manner

Respectfully submitted,

Tichenor & Associates, LLP

Dichen & descripto, M.P.

Audit fieldwork completed - January 26, 2006

GRANT COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fiscal Court Members:

Darrell L. Link County Judge/Executive

Richard Austin Magistrate
Patricia Conrad Magistrate
Ken Messer Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Edward J. Lorenz County Attorney

Judy FortnerCounty ClerkRandy MiddletonCounty SheriffSteve KellamCounty Jailer

Angela McLafferty Property Valuation Administrator

Mary Lee Willoby County Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Roger L. Wagoner County Treasurer
Connie McClure Finance Officer
Charles Hearn Road Supervisor

Kay Jump Jail Administrator Assistant/Bookkeeper

Evalene Davis Other Key Personnel



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government			
	Governmental			
	Activities	Activities	Totals	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,836,605	\$ 96,860	\$ 4,933,465	
Notes Receivable (Waterlines & Health Department)	100,000		100,000	
Interest Receivable (Corinth Water District)	8,479		8,479	
Total Current Assets	4,945,084	96,860	5,041,944	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Notes Receivable (Waterlines & Health Department)	1,452,000			
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation:				
Land and Land Improvements	172,700		172,700	
Buildings and Building Improvements	5,708,816		5,708,816	
Vehicles	517,168	26,713	543,881	
Machinery and Equipment	551,461		551,461	
Infrastructure	549,950		549,950	
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,952,095	26,713	7,526,808	
Total Assets	13,897,179	123,573	12,568,752	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Financing Obligations Payable	100,000		100,000	
Bonds Payable	210,000		210,000	
Total Current Liabilities	310,000		310,000	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Financing Obligations Payable	1,452,000		1,452,000	
Bonds Payable	7,190,000		7,190,000	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,642,000		8,642,000	
Total Liabilities	8,952,000		8,952,000	
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	1,552,095	26,713	1,578,808	
Restricted For:				
Debt Service	996,557		996,557	
Unrestricted	2,396,527	96,860	2,493,387	
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,945,179	\$ 123,573	\$ 5,068,752	



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

		Program Rev	venues Received		(Expenses) Rever		
					imary Government		
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:	\$2.010.521	Φ.	42 500	Φ (2.7.57.022)	Φ.	Φ (2.5.5.022)	
General Government	\$2,810,521	\$	\$ 42,699	\$ (2,767,822)	\$	\$ (2,767,822)	
Protection to Persons and Property	2,721,166	3,201,198		480,032		480,032	
General Health and Sanitation	460,185			(460,185)		(460,185)	
Social Services	64,523			(64,523)		(64,523)	
Recreation and Culture	191,805	27, 402	507.202	(191,805)		(191,805)	
Roads	959,194	37,402	597,203	(324,589)		(324,589)	
Capital Projects	56,126			(56,126)		(56,126)	
Debt Service	504,826			(504,826)		(504,826)	
Total Governmental Activities	7,768,346	3,238,600	639,902	(3,889,844)	-	(3,889,844)	
Business-Type Activities:							
Jail Canteen Fund	287,336	224,875			(62,461)	(62,461)	
Total Business-Type Activities	287,336	224,875			(62,461)	(62,461)	
Total Busiliess-Type Activities	267,330	224,673			(02,401)	(02,401)	
Total Primary Government	\$8,055,682	\$ 3,463,475	\$ 639,902	\$ (3,889,844)	\$ (62,461)	\$(3,952,305)	
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Real Property Taxes				1,193,533		1,193,533	
Personal Property Taxes				65,674		65,674	
Motor Vehicle Taxes				215,417		215,417	
Other Taxes				667,313		667,313	
Excess Fees				59,647		59,647	
Building Rental				53,765		53,765	
Interest				136,589		136,589	
Landfill Host Agreement				413,425		413,425	
Sheriff Fee Pooling				569,660		569,660	
Miscellaneous Revenues				634,800	82,609	717,409	
Total General Revenues				4,009,823	82,609	4,092,432	
Change in Net Assets				119,979	20,148	140,127	
Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)				4,825,200	103,425	4,928,625	
Net Assets - Ending				\$ 4,945,179	\$ 123,573	\$ 5,068,752	



GRANT COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

					Public				
					roperties		Non-		Total
	General	Road	Jail	Co	rporation		Major	Go	vernmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund	I	Funds		Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,733,033	\$42,935	\$56,839	\$	996,557	\$	7,241	\$	4,836,605
Total Assets	\$3,733,033	\$42,935	\$ 56,839	\$	996,557	\$	7,241	\$	4,836,605
FUND BALANCES									
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances	\$ 5,584	\$28,000	\$18,889	\$		\$		\$	52,473
Debt Service Fund					996,557				996,557
Unreserved:									
General Fund	3,727,449								3,727,449
Special Revenue Funds		14,935	37,950				7,241		60,126
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,733,033	\$ 42,935	\$ 56,839	\$	996,557	\$	7,241	\$	4,836,605
Total Fund Balances								\$	4,836,605
Amounts Reported For Govern Of Net Assets Are Different		ties In The	Statement						,,
Notes Receivable Used in And Therefore Are Not			Are Not Cu	rren	t Financial	Res	ources		1,552,000
Interest Receivable Used : And Therefore Are Not	in Governmen Reported in th	tal Activitie ne Funds.						S	8,479
Capital Assets Used in Go			e Not Curre	nt Fi	nancial Re	soui	ces		0.205.025
And Therefore Are Not	-	ie Funds.							9,297,925
Accumulated Depreciation									(1,797,830)
Long-term debt is not due			it period an	d,					
therefore, is not reported		•							(1.552.000)
Financing Obligations									(1,552,000)
Revenue Bonds									(7,400,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental A	ctivities							\$	4,945,179



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Taxes		General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Public Properties Corporation Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Government Funds	tal
Excess Fees	REVENUES							
Licenses and Permits	Taxes	\$1,915,002	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 1,915,01	14
Intergovermental	Excess Fees	59,647					59,64	47
Charges for Services 17,211 244,998 262,209 Miscellaneous 495,219 251 190,236 685,706 Interest 99,587 4,595 2,529 29,587 290 136,588 Total Revenues 5,101,030 842,401 2,940,594 29,587 25,542 8,939,154 EXPENDITURES General Government 2,205,672 89,293 549,221 2,844,186 2,709,763 6eneral Health and Sanitation 460,185 460,185 460,185 460,185 460,185 460,185 460,185 460,185 188,413 80,363 11,350 2,709,763 64,523 8ecreation and Culture 188,413 80,363 19,169 995,904 460,185 188,413 80,363 19,169 995,904 188,413 80,363 19,169 995,904 188,413 80,363 19,169 995,904 188,413 80,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000	Licenses and Permits	117,343					117,34	43
Miscellaneous Interest 495,219 251 190,236 2,529 29,587 290 136,588 Total Revenues 5,101,030 842,401 2,940,594 29,587 25,542 8,339,154 EXPENDITURES General Government 2,205,672 89,293 549,221 2,844,186 2,709,763 2,7	Intergovernmental	2,397,021	837,555	2,502,831		25,240	5,762,64	47
Interest Total Revenues	Charges for Services	17,211		244,998			262,20	09
EXPENDITURES		495,219	251	190,236			685,70	06
EXPENDITURES	Interest	99,587	4,595	2,529	29,587	290		
General Government 2,205,672 89,293 549,221 2,844,186 Protection to Persons and Property 327,782 2,380,631 1,350 2,709,763 General Health and Sanitation 460,185 460,185 460,185 Social Services 64,523 54,523 188,413 Recreation and Culture 188,413 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 976,735 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 56,126 56,126 Administration 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers Tro Other Funds (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396	Total Revenues	5,101,030	842,401			25,542		
Protection to Persons and Property 327,782 2,380,631 1,350 2,709,763 General Health and Sanitation 460,185 460,185 64,523 64,523 Recreation and Culture 188,413 188,413 188,413 Roads 976,735 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 6,000 6,000 6,000 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Expenditures Before Other 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers From Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) - - - Transfers From Other Funds (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - <t< td=""><td>EXPENDITURES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	EXPENDITURES							
General Health and Sanitation 460,185 Social Services 64,523 Recreation and Culture 188,413 Roads 976,735 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 6,000 6,000 6,000 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 1,799 Administration 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,	General Government	2,205,672	89,293	549,221			2,844,18	86
Social Services 64,523 64,523 64,523 Recreation and Culture 188,413 976,735 19,169 995,904 Roads 976,735 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 6,000 6,000 6,000 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 1,799 Administration 1,799 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Expenditures Before Other (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) 584,396 - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 21	Protection to Persons and Property	327,782		2,380,631		1,350	2,709,76	63
Recreation and Culture 188,413 976,735 19,169 995,004 Roads 976,735 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 6,000 6,000 6,000 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 56,126 Administration 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 40,346 8	General Health and Sanitation	460,185					460,18	85
Roads 976,735 19,169 995,004 Transportation Facilities and Services 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 56,126 Administration 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balan	Social Services	64,523					64,52	23
Roads 976,735 19,169 995,904 Transportation Facilities and Services 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 56,126 Administration 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balan	Recreation and Culture	188,413					188,41	13
Transportation Facilities and Services 1,171,761 6,000 6,000 Debt Service 1,171,761 604,065 1,775,826 Capital Projects 56,126 1,799 56,126 Administration 1,799 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers From Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Rest	Roads		976,735			19,169	995,90	04
Debt Service	Transportation Facilities and Services					6,000	6,00	00
Capital Projects 56,126 56,126 Administration 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	÷	1,171,761			604,065		1,775,82	26
Administration 1,799 1,799 Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers From Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Capital Projects	56,126						
Total Expenditures 4,474,462 1,066,028 2,929,852 605,864 26,519 9,102,725 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	· •				1,799			
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 626,568 (223,627) 10,742 (576,277) (977) (163,571) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Total Expenditures	4,474,462	1,066,028	2,929,852		26,519		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Financing Sources (Uses)	626,568	(223,627)	10,742	(576,277)	(977)	(163,57	71)
Transfers From Other Funds 215,000 614,000 584,396 1,413,396 Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers To Other Funds (829,000) (584,396) (1,413,396) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (829,000) 215,000 29,604 584,396 - - Special Item Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617			215,000	614,000	584,396		1,413,39	96
Special Item Special Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Transfers To Other Funds	(829,000)	,		,			
Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		215,000		584,396	-		
Balance From Payroll Revolving Account 29,559 29,559 Net Change in Fund Balances (172,873) (8,627) 40,346 8,119 (977) (134,012) Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Special Item							
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	-	29,559					29,55	59
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 3,905,906 51,562 16,493 988,438 8,218 4,970,617	Net Change in Fund Balances	(172,873)	(8,627)	40,346	8,119	(977)	(134,01	12)
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GRANT COUNTY RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (134,012)
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	281,225
Depreciation Expense	(247,404)
Change in notes receivable as a result of payment by the districts	(1,050,830)
Financing obligation and bond principal payments are expensed in the	
Governmental Funds as a use of current financial resources. However,	
these transactions have no effect on net assets.	
Financing Obligations	1,026,000
Bond Payments	 245,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 119,979



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Ac	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	
		Canteen Fund	
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	96,860	
Total Current Assets		96,860	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Vehicles		43,189	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(16,476)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		26,713	
Total Assets		123,573	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		26,713	
Unrestricted		96,860	
Total Net Assets	\$	123,573	



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	
	Jai 	l Canteen Fund
Operating Revenues		
Canteen Receipts	\$	224,875
Total Operating Revenues		224,875
Operating Expenses		
Cost of Sales		47,249
Educational and Recreational		3,954
Personnel Costs		7,207
Miscellaneous		220,688
Depreciation Expense		8,238
Total Operating Expenses		287,336
Operating Income (Loss)		(62,461)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Inmate Pay from State		9,738
Inmate Funds		626,934
Inmate Refunds		(554,063)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		82,609
Change in Net Assets		20,148
Total Net Assets - Beginning		103,425
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	123,573



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Ty Activities - Enterprise Fu	
	Jai 	l Canteen Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$	224,875
Cost of Sales		(47,249)
Personnel Costs		(7,207)
Educational and Recreational		(3,954)
Miscellaneous		(220,688)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(54,223)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Inmate Pay from State		9,737
Inmate Funds		626,934
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(554,063)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital		
Financing Activities		82,608
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		28,385
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2004		68,475
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2005	\$	96,860
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	(62,461)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income		
To Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		8,238
Total Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	(54,223)



GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2005

GRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2005

	Agency Fund	
	Jail Inma Account	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$	44,151
Total Assets	\$	44,151
Liabilities		
Amounts Held in Custody for Others	\$	44,151
Total Liabilities	\$	44,151

INDEX FOR NOTES NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GRANT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenue when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and their corresponding depreciation expenses are included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Grant County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the County is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. The County has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though it is part of the County's primary government using the blended method.

Grant County Public Properties Corporation

The Grant County Public Properties Corporation is established for the purpose of providing long-term financing for approved projects. The Grant County Fiscal Court is financially accountable for the component unit as part of the reporting entity and its financial activity is blended with that of the fiscal court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Grant County Constitutional Elected Officials Not Part Of Grant County, Kentucky

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Grant County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of Grant County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets – resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payment from other counties for housing prisoners and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Public Properties Corporation Fund – This is for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, and Forestry Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund and Forestry Fund are presented as special revenue funds.

Debt Service Fund:

The Public Properties Corporation Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements on Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county's agency fund is used to account for monies held by the county in the Inmate Account Fund for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus.

The primary government reports the following fiduciary fund:

Inmate Account Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the inmates.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the Unites States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the Unites States, obligations of any corporation of the Unites States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

		oitalization hreshold	Useful Life (Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	5,000	5-15	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, such as debt service and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Public Properties Corporation Fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from these funds annually and transfers are budgeted in the General Fund Type to comply with these requirements.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Jail Canteen Fund and the Jail Canteen Inmate Agency Fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses made from these funds.

Note 2. Deposits

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by and agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposit

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2005, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provision are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 8.48 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Reporting Entity				
	Beginning			Ending	
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 172,700	\$	\$	\$ 172,700	
Total Capital Assets Not Being					
Depreciated	172,700			172,700	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	6,428,000	25,000		6,453,000	
Machinery and Equipment	625,564	151,662		777,226	
Prior Year Omissions - Equipment	111,500			111,500	
Vehicles	836,608			836,608	
Prior Year Omissions - Vehicle	378,355			378,355	
Infrastructure	463,974	104,562		568,536	
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated	8,844,001	281,224		9,125,225	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings	(652,987)	(91,197)		(744, 184)	
Machinery and Equipment	(232,708)	(34,394)		(267,102)	
Prior Year Omissions - Acc. Dep Equip.	(68,536)	(1,627)		(70,163)	
Vehicles	(269,888)	(94,352)		(364,240)	
Prior Year Omissions - Acc. Dep Vehicles	(317,955)	(15,600)		(333,555)	
Infrastructure	(8,352)	(10,234)		(18,586)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,550,426)	(247,404)		(1,797,830)	
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	7,293,575	33,820		7,327,395	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,466,275	\$ 33,820	\$ 0	\$ 7,500,095	
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Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Reporting Entity						
	Ве	eginning					Ending
	Е	Balance	In	creases	Decreases	I	Balance
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Vehicles Total Capital Assets Being	\$	43,189	\$		\$	\$	43,189
Depreciated		43,189					43,189
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Vehicles		(8,238)		(8,238)			(16,476)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(8,238)		(8,238)			(16,476)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		34,951		(8,238)			26,713
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	34,951		(8,238)	\$ 0	\$	26,713

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government and business-type activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 19,095
Protection to Persons and Property	163,065
Recreation and Culture	3,392
Roads	61,852
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 247,404
Business-Type Activities	
Jail Canteen	\$ 8,238
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 8,238

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

Bonds outstanding of the Grant County Public Properties Corporation Fund are:

A. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1995

The Grant County Public Properties Corporation issued \$910,000 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds dated August 1995, for the construction of a jail. Principal payments are due each year on July 1. Interest on the bonds is payable each July 1 and January 1, and began on January 1, 1996. The principal balance outstanding for the bond issue as of fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 was \$555,000. Future debt service requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	F	Principal	Interest		
2006	\$	45,000	\$	33,868	
2007		45,000		31,370	
2008		50,000		28,685	
2009		55,000		25,665	
2010		55,000		22,475	
2011-2013		350,000		50,940	
Totals	\$	600,000	\$	193,003	
T D .					
Less: Payments					
Due July 2005					
Paid June 2005		45,000		17,553	
Total Outstanding					
June 30, 2005	\$	555,000	\$	175,450	

B. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1998

The Grant County Public Properties Corporation issued \$7,775,000, First Mortgage Revenue Bonds dated August 1998, for the construction of a jail addition. Principal payments are due each year on July 1, in the amounts indicated below starting July 1, 2000. Interest on the bonds is payable each July 1 and January 1, beginning January 1, 1999. The principal balance outstanding for this bond issue as of fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was \$6,845,000. Future debt service requirements are:

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (Continued)

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30		Principal		Interest	
2006	\$	210,000	\$	316,479	
2007		220,000		306,589	
2008		230,000		296,210	
2009		240,000		285,341	
2010		255,000		273,894	
2011-2015		1,455,000		1,177,765	
2016-2020		1,855,000		792,143	
2021-2025		2,380,000		294,025	
Totals	\$	6,845,000	\$	3,742,446	

Total bond principal outstanding for the Public Properties Corporation Fund, shown in the debt service schedules above, as of June 30, 2005, was \$7,400,000 (Note 6.E.).

Note 6. Financing Obligations/Notes Receivable

The county has entered into the following agreements:

A. Waterlines - Corinth Water District

Grant County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) for the construction of rural waterlines by the Corinth Water District. A total of \$1,245,000 was awarded to Grant County on March 31, 1994. The agreement required variable annual payments for twenty-five years, however, the agreement was paid in full in June 2005.

B. Waterlines - Bullock Pen Phase III

Grant County entered into an agreement with KACoLT for the construction of waterlines for the Bullock Pen - Phase III Water Expansion Project. A total of \$1,500,000 was awarded to Grant County during fiscal year ended June 30, 1996. The agreement calls for Grant County to make annual payments beginning September 1995, and ending February 2019. Interest is paid monthly at an effective rate of 5.45 percent. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2005, was \$1,116,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Note 6. Financing Obligations/Notes Receivable (Continued)

B. Waterlines - Bullock Pen Phase III (Continued)

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended				_		
June 30		Principal]	Interest		
_						
2006	\$	55,000	\$	70,798		
2007		58,000		67,155		
2008		61,000		63,317		
2009		65,000		59,258		
2010		68,000		54,967		
2011-2015		401,000		201,945		
2016-2019		408,000		56,868		
Totals	\$	1,116,000	\$	574,308		

C. Expansion - Health Department Facilities

Grant County entered into an agreement with KACoLT for the expansion of Health Department facilities. A total of \$400,000 was awarded to Grant County. The agreement calls for Grant County to make variable annual payments for fifteen years beginning June 1996, and ending February 2011. Interest is paid monthly at an effective rate of 5.35 percent. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2005, was \$198,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	P	Principal	I	nterest		
				_		
2006	\$	29,000	\$	11,851		
2007		30,000		9,976		
2008		32,000		8,011		
2009		34,000		5,918		
2010		35,000		3,724		
2011		38,000		1,413		
Totals	\$	198,000	\$	40,893		

Note 6. Financing Obligations/Notes Receivable (Continued)

D. Waterlines - Bullock Pen Phase IV

Grant County entered into an agreement with KACoLT for the construction of waterlines for the Bullock Pen Water Expansion Project - Phase IV. A total of \$336,000 was awarded to Grant County. The agreement calls for Grant County to make annual payments beginning October 1996, and ending February 2016. Interest is paid monthly at an effective rate of 5.13 percent. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2005, was \$238,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended				_		
June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest		
2006	\$	16,000	\$	14,168		
2007		16,000		13,188		
2008		17,000		12,183		
2009		18,000		11,116		
2010		19,000		9,988		
2011-2015		114,000		30,408		
2016		38,000		1,358		
Totals	\$	238,000	\$	92,409		

The total principal outstanding as of June 30, 2005 for the four agreements listed is \$1,552,000.

The agreements listed above were subsequently sub-leased to each applicable district. The districts make monthly payments to the county for the debt service requirements in accordance with the sub-lease agreements.

E. Changes In Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bonds (Note 5) Financing Obligations	\$ 7,645,000 2,578,000	\$	\$ 245,000 1,026,000	\$7,400,000 1,552,000	\$ 210,000 100,000
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 10,223,000	\$	\$1,271,000	\$8,952,000	\$ 310,000

Note 7. Interest on Long-Term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$145,761 in interest on financing obligations and \$359,065 in interest on bonds.

Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, Grant County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 9. Interest Receivable

On March 31, 1994, the fiscal court on behalf of the Corinth Water District entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT) for the construction of rural waterlines. The agreement required variable annual payments for twenty-five years. The fiscal court made the required principal and interest payments to KACoLT and then collected the required principal and interest payments from the Corinth Water District. The entire remaining principal balance was received from the Corinth Water District and paid by the fiscal court in June 2005. As of the June 30, 2005, the Corinth Water District owed an additional \$8,479 in interest payments to the fiscal court for scheduled interest that was paid by the fiscal court on their behalf.

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments

Beginning net assets has been restated for the correction in errors and omissions of capital assets in prior years. The result is a net increase of \$64,435.

GRANT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

GRANT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

CENER		

Budgeted Amounts (Bud	ctual ounts, dgetary asis)	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive
Oliginal Final B		(N	egative)
REVENUES			
Taxes \$ 1,717,500 \$ 1,717,500 \$	1,915,002	\$	197,502
Excess Fees 41,933 41,933	59,647		17,714
Licenses and Permits 86,500 86,500	117,343		30,843
Intergovernmental Revenue 1,517,060 1,517,060	2,397,021		879,961
Charges for Services 8,500 8,500	17,211		8,711
Miscellaneous 500,250 500,250	495,219		(5,031)
Interest 50,000 50,000	99,587		49,587
Total Revenues 3,921,743 3,921,743	5,101,030		1,179,287
EXPENDITURES			
	2,205,672		(26,792)
Protection to Persons and Property 222,946 419,113	327,782		91,331
General Health and Sanitation 463,314 487,257	460,185		27,072
Social Services 49,285 69,509	64,523		4,986
Recreation and Culture 200,205 207,598	188,413		19,185
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,171,761		(892,168)
Capital Projects 470,000 93,569	56,126		37,443
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,474,462		(738,943)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other			
Financing Sources (Uses) (392,037) 186,224	626,568		440,344
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers To Other Funds (405,575) (405,575)	(829,000)		(423,425)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (405,575) (405,575)	(829,000)		(423,425)
Net Changes in Fund Balances (797,612) (219,351)	(202,432)		16,919
Fund Balances - Beginning 797,612 797,612	3,905,906		3,108,294
Fund Balances - Ending \$ 0 \$ 578,261 \$ 3	3,703,474	\$	3,125,213

GRANT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Basis)	(.	Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	709,632	\$	709,632	\$	837,555	\$	127,923
Miscellaneous		1,175		1,175		251		(924)
Interest		4,500		4,500		4,595		95
Total Revenues		715,307		715,307		842,401		127,094
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		964,550		990,581		976,735		13,846
Administration		131,332		109,301		89,293		20,008
Total Expenditures		1,095,882		1,099,882		1,066,028		33,854
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(380,575)		(384,575)		(223,627)		160,948
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		380,575		380,575		215,000		(165,575)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		380,575		380,575		215,000		(165,575)
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)				(4,000)		(8,627) 51,562		(4,627) 51,562
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	(4,000)	\$	42,935	\$	46,935

GRANT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	2,592,050	\$	2,592,050	\$	2,502,831	\$	(89,219)
Charges for Services		180,500		180,500		244,998		64,498
Miscellaneous		219,500		219,500		190,236		(29,264)
Interest		1,000		1,000		2,529		1,529
Total Revenues		2,993,050		2,993,050		2,940,594		(52,456)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		501,450		546,815		549,221		(2,406)
Protection to Persons and Property		2,056,880		2,391,100		2,380,631		10,469
Debt Service		434,720	-	629,396				629,396
Total Expenditures		2,993,050		3,567,311		2,929,852		637,459
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(574,261)		10,742		585,003
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds						614,000		614,000
Transfers To Other Funds						(584,396)		(584,396)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						29,604		29,604
Net Changes in Fund Balances				(574,261)		40,346		614,607
Fund Balances - Beginning						16,493		16,493
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	(574,261)	\$	56,839	\$	631,100

GRANT COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2005

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

2. Reconciliation - General Fund

Fund balance - budgetary basis	\$ 3,703,474
Addition: Cash remaining in payroll	
revolving account	29,559
Fund balance - modified cash basis	\$ 3,733,033

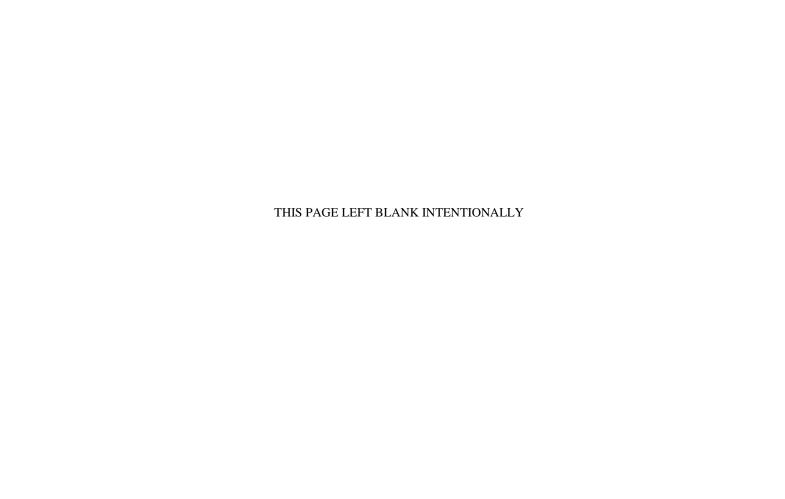
GRANT COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2005

GRANT COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2005

	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		Forestry Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,234	\$	7	\$	7,241
Total Assets	\$	7,234	\$	7	\$	7,241
FUND BALANCES Unreserved:						
Special Revenue Funds	\$	7,234	\$	7	\$	7,241
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,234	\$	7	\$	7,241



GRANT COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

GRANT COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Local			
	Government		Total	
	Economic		Non-Major Governmental Funds	
	Assistance	Forestry		
	Fund	Fund		
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	\$ 12	\$ 12	
Intergovernmental	25,239		25,239	
Interest	263	28	291	
Total Revenues	25,502	40	25,542	
EXPENDITURES				
Protection to Persons and Property		1,350	1,350	
Roads	19,169		19,169	
Transportation Facilities and Services	6,000		6,000	
Total Expenditures	25,169	1,350	26,519	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	333	(1,310)	(977)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	333	(1,310)	(977)	
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	6,901	1,317	8,218	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,234	\$ 7	\$ 7,241	



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TICHENOR & ASSOCIATES, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS and MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

304 MIDDLETOWN PARK PLACE SUITE C LOUISVILLE, KY 40243

BUSINESS: (502) 245-0775 FAX: (502) 245-0725 E-Mail: wtichenor@tichenorassociates.com

Honorable Darrell L. Link, Grant County Judge/Executive Members of the Grant County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grant County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2006. Grant County, Kentucky presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Grant County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. A reportable condition involves matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Grant County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

- The County Should Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account On A Monthly Basis
- The County Should Cancel Healthcare Premiums For Terminated Employees In A Timely Manner

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the reportable conditions described above are not material weaknesses.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Grant County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amount. However, providing opinions on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such opinions. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Tichenor & Associates, LLP

Dichen & disorciates, N.P.

Audit fieldwork completed - January 26, 2006



GRANT COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

The County Should Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account On A Monthly Basis

During our testing, we noted that the payroll revolving account is still not being reconciled. As of June 30, 2005, the cash balance in the payroll revolving account was \$29,559. According to the accounting and documenting provisions set out in regulations promulgated pursuant to KRS 68.210, official bank accounts should be reconciled monthly. We recommend that the County require monthly reconciliation of all official bank accounts in accordance with KRS 68.210.

County Judge/Executive Darrell L. Link's Response: None

The County Should Cancel Healthcare Premiums For Terminated Employees In A Timely Manner

During our audit of healthcare insurance, we noted that healthcare premiums were continuing to be paid for an employee who was no longer eligible to receive the healthcare benefits. The employee had retired from his/her position and then returned to work on a part-time basis, therefore rendering the employee ineligible for the healthcare benefits. It was determined that the Fiscal Court was paying premiums for this employee for a fourteen-month period when they should not have been. We recommend that the Fiscal Court carefully monitor their healthcare premium bills and immediately remove any terminated/ineligible employees.

County Judge/Executive Darrell L. Link's Response: None

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS:

The County Should File A Uniform Financial Information Report By The July 15 Deadline, As Required By KRS 65.905

This comment has not been corrected, however, it will not be a report comment this year.

The County Should Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account On A Monthly Basis

This comment has not been corrected and is repeated in the current year.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GRANT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GRANT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The Grant County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended, as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name: Darrell L. Link

County Judge/Executive

Name: Roger/L. Wagoner

County Treasurer